QM-7093-01 ENTERPRISE DATA SYSTEMS CASE STUDY (CS-3) – NOAH L. SCHRICK - 1492657

Instructor: Dr. Ismail Abdulrashid,

Instructions:

In this case study, **Cape_Codd** database needs to be used. You can find the Review Questions in the textbook: Exercises 2.40- 2.60

- Use both the INVENTORY and WAREHOUSE tables to answer Questions 2.40 through 2.55.
- Use both the CATALOG_SKU_2016 and CATALOG_SKU_2017 tables to answer Questions 2.56 through 2.60.
- Submit thru Harvey drop box
- Deliverable: You are expected to submit
 - A single SQL script file (.sql) prepared and saved in SQL Server Management Studio that includes your SQL statements that answer each of the questions in order.
 - This word file that you copied all of your SQL script (no result tables) from your SQL file.
- Each query should start with a comment line that looks like the following (last character corresponding to question number):
 - o /* *** CS3-2.40*** */
 - This line should follow the SQL statement that is your answer to the particular question (e.g. 41, 42, 43, ...)
- You should include at least one line of white space between your answer SQL statements
- Do not include the result table unless it is said so!
- Check Harvey for the due date!

Your answer should look like this:

```
/* Your Names-Group Name */
/* *** CS1-2.17 *** */
            SKU, SKU_Description
SELECT
            INVENTORY;
FROM
/* *** CS1-2.18 *** */
            SKU, SKU_Description
SELECT
FROM
            INVENTORY;
/* *** CS1-2.19 *** */
            SKU, SKU_Description
SELECT
FROM
            INVENTORY;
```

```
Please write your solution below:
/* Noah L. Schrick */
/* *** CS3-2.40 *** */
SELECT i.SKU, i.SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID, w.WarehouseCity, w.WarehouseState
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
                   AND
                         (w.WarehouseCity = 'Atlanta') OR
                         (w.WarehouseCity = 'Bangor') OR
                         (w.WarehouseCity = 'Chicago')
/* *** CS3-2.41 *** */
SELECT i.SKU, i.SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID, w.WarehouseCity, w.WarehouseState
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
                   AND w.WarehouseCity IN ('Atlanta', 'Bangor', 'Chicago')
```

```
/* *** CS3-2.42 *** */
SELECT i.SKU, i.SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID, w.WarehouseCity, w.WarehouseState
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
                   AND
                          NOT (w.WarehouseCity = 'Atlanta') AND
                          NOT (w.WarehouseCity = 'Bangor') AND
                          NOT (w.WarehouseCity = 'Chicago')
/* *** CS3-2.43 *** */
SELECT i.SKU, i.SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID, w.WarehouseCity, w.WarehouseState
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
                   AND w.WarehouseCity NOT IN ('Atlanta', 'Bangor', 'Chicago')
/* *** CS3-2.44 *** */
SELECT (RTRIM(i.SKU_Description) + ' is located in ' + LTRIM(w.WarehouseCity)) AS
ItemLocation
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
```

```
/* *** CS3-2.45 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, WarehouseID
      FROM INVENTORY
            WHERE WarehouseID IN
                  (SELECT WarehouseID
                         FROM WAREHOUSE
                               WHERE Manager = 'Lucille Smith')
/* *** CS3-2.46 *** */
SELECT i.SKU, i.SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
             AND w.Manager = 'Lucille Smith'
/* *** CS3-2.47 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, w.WarehouseID
      FROM INVENTORY i
       JOIN WAREHOUSE w ON i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
            WHERE Manager = 'Lucille Smith'
```

```
/* *** CS3-2.48 *** */
SELECT WarehouseID, AVG(QuantityOnHand) AS AVGQuantityOnHand
      FROM INVENTORY
            WHERE WarehouseID IN
            (SELECT WarehouseID
                  FROM WAREHOUSE
                        WHERE Manager = 'Lucille Smith'
            )
            GROUP BY WarehouseID
/* *** CS3-2.49 *** */
SELECT i.WarehouseID, AVG(i.QuantityOnHand) AS AVGQuantityOnHand
      FROM INVENTORY i, WAREHOUSE w
            WHERE i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
             AND w.Manager = 'Lucille Smith'
                  GROUP BY i.WarehouseID
/* *** CS3-2.50 *** */
SELECT i.WarehouseID, AVG(QuantityOnHand) AS AVGQuantityOnHand
      FROM INVENTORY i
       JOIN WAREHOUSE w ON i.WarehouseID = w.WarehouseID
```

```
WHERE Manager = 'Lucille Smith'

GROUP BY i.WarehouseID
```

/* *** CS3-2.51 *** */ SELECT w.WarehouseID, WarehouseCity, WarehouseState, Manager, SKU, SKU_Description, QuantityOnHand FROM WAREHOUSE w JOIN INVENTORY i ON w.WarehouseID = i.WarehouseID WHERE Manager = 'Lucille Smith' /* *** CS3-2.52 *** */ SELECT WarehouseID, SUM(QuantityOnOrder) AS TotalItemsOnOrder, SUM(QuantityOnHand) AS TotalItemsOnHand FROM INVENTORY GROUP BY WarehouseID, QuantityOnOrder /* *** CS3-2.53 *** */

- -- All desired results are in the same table, however there are aggregate functions involved.
- -- SQL does not allow performing an aggregate function on expressions containing a subquery.
- -- Likewise, subqueries are not allowed in aggregate functions.

```
/* *** CS3-2.54 *** */
```

- -- Subqueries only retrieve items from the top table, not any other table.
- -- Subqueries return results "up", but do not combine or merge any tables.
- -- Joins combine tables, and all columns are accessible since the tables are joined together.

```
/* *** CS3-2.55 *** */
SELECT *
      FROM WAREHOUSE w
       LEFT JOIN INVENTORY i ON w.WarehouseID = i.WarehouseID
;
/* *** CS3-2.56 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
      FROM CATALOG_SKU_2016
      UNION
       SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
            FROM CATALOG_SKU_2017
/* *** CS3-2.57 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
      FROM CATALOG_SKU_2016
            WHERE CatalogPage IS NOT NULL
      UNION
       SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
            FROM CATALOG_SKU_2017
```

WHERE CatalogPage IS NOT NULL

;

```
/* *** CS3-2.58 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
      FROM CATALOG_SKU_2016
      INTERSECT
       SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
            FROM CATALOG_SKU_2017
;
/* *** CS3-2.59 *** */
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
      FROM CATALOG_SKU_2016
            WHERE CatalogPage IS NOT NULL
      INTERSECT
       SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
            FROM CATALOG_SKU_2017
                  WHERE CatalogPage IS NOT NULL
```

```
SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
      FROM CATALOG_SKU_2016
      EXCEPT
       SELECT SKU, SKU_Description, Department
            FROM CATALOG_SKU_2017
/* *** CS3-2.61 *** */
SELECT d.Buyer, d.SKU
      FROM SKU_DATA d
            WHERE d.Buyer IN
                   (SELECT t.Buyer
                         FROM SKU_DATA t
                                WHERE d.Buyer = t.Buyer
                                 AND d.SKU <> t.SKU
                   )
-- Shows that changing the primary key to Buyer is not justifiable: Buyer is non-unique.
```

/* *** CS3-2.60 *** */